- (h) Effects of non-participation. (1) If inmates refuse to participate in RDAP, withdraw, or are otherwise removed, they are not eligible for:
- (i) A furlough (other than possibly an emergency furlough);
- (ii) Performance pay above maintenance pay level, bonus pay, or vacation pay; and/or
- (iii) A Federal Prison Industries work program assignment (unless the Warden makes an exception on the basis of work program labor needs).
- (2) Refusal, withdrawal, and/or expulsion will be a factor to consider in determining length of community confinement.
- (3) Where applicable, staff will notify the United States Parole Commission of inmates' needs for treatment and any failure to participate in the RDAP.

§ 550.54 Incentives for RDAP participation.

- (a) An inmate may receive incentives for his or her satisfactory participation in the RDAP. Institutions may offer the basic incentives described in paragraph (a)(1) of this section. Bureau-authorized institutions may also offer enhanced incentives as described in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (1) Basic incentives. (i) Limited financial awards, based upon the inmate's achievement/completion of program phases.
- (ii) Consideration for the maximum period of time in a community-based treatment program, if the inmate is otherwise eligible.
- (iii) Local institution incentives such as preferred living quarters or special recognition privileges.
- (iv) Early release, if eligible under §550.55.
- (2) Enhanced incentives. (i) Tangible achievement awards as permitted by the Warden and allowed by the regulations governing personal property (see 28 CFR part 553).
- (ii) Photographs of treatment ceremonies may be sent to the inmate's family.
- (iii) Formal consideration for a nearer release transfer for medium and low security inmates.
- (b) An inmate must meet his/her financial program responsibility obligations (see 28 CFR part 545) and GED re-

- sponsibilities (see 28 CFR part 544) before being able to receive an incentive for his/her RDAP participation.
- (c) If an inmate withdraws from or is otherwise removed from RDAP, that inmate may lose incentives he/she previously achieved.

§550.55 Eligibility for early release.

- (a) Eligibility. Inmates may be eligible for early release by a period not to exceed twelve months if they:
- (1) Were sentenced to a term of imprisonment under either:
- (i) 18 U.S.C. Chapter 227, Subchapter D for a nonviolent offense; or
- (ii) D.C. Code §24–403.01 for a non-violent offense, meaning an offense other than those included within the definition of "crime of violence" in D.C. Code §23–1331(4); and
- (2) Successfully complete a RDAP, as described in §550.53, during their current commitment.
- (b) Inmates not eligible for early release. As an exercise of the Director's discretion, the following categories of inmates are not eligible for early release:
- (1) Immigration and Customs Enforcement detainees;
 - (2) Pretrial inmates;
- (3) Contractual boarders (for example, State or military inmates);
- (4) Inmates who have a prior felony or misdemeanor conviction for:
- (i) Homicide (including deaths caused by recklessness, but not including deaths caused by negligence or justifiable homicide);
 - (ii) Forcible rape;
 - (iii) Robbery;
 - (iv) Aggravated assault;
 - (v) Arson;
 - (vi) Kidnaping; or
- (vii) An offense that by its nature or conduct involves sexual abuse offenses committed upon minors;
- (5) Inmates who have a current felony conviction for:
- (i) An offense that has as an element, the actual, attempted, or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another:
- (ii) An offense that involved the carrying, possession, or use of a firearm or other dangerous weapon or explosives (including any explosive material or explosive device);